	Age	ge ars) Sex	THV	Annulus	%OS	LVOT	Inflation	AR	RBC	AR at	Max LDH	Management	Status*
	(years)		(mm)	$(mm^2)$		(mm <sup>2</sup> )	volume	post-TAVI	transfusion	follow-up	(IU/L)		Status
Case 1	Mid-80	d-80 Male	23	395	+2.7%	313	Nominal	Moderate +	Madamata	1.2(7	Redo	Death	
	S						(17 ml)		+	Moderate	1,367	(POD 80)	(POD 89)
Case 2	Early-8	rly-8 Os	20	346	-5.2%	287	Nominal	Mild	-	Moderate	1,289	Redo	Alive
	Os						(11 ml)			to Severe		(POD353)	(POD 373)
Case 3	Late-8	-8 Female	26	511	+1.6%	459	-1 ml	Moderate- + Severe		Moderate			Alive
	Os						(22 ml)		to Severe	1,624	Watch	(POD 355)	
	F 1 0						NT · 1			NC117			A 1'
Case 4	Early-8	Early-8 Female Os	20	324	+1.2%	269	Nominal	Trivial	-	Mild to	1,206	BAV	Alive
	Os						(11 ml)			Moderate		(POD 84)	(POD 247)
Case 5	Early-9	Early-9					+1 ml						Alive
	Female	20	351	-6.6%	303	(12  ml)	Mild	+	Mild	512	Watch	(POD 188)	
	03						(12 m)						(100 100)
Case 6	Farly_7	Early-7 Male	26	517	+0.4%	454	Nominal	Trivial	+	Mild to	1,636	Watch	Alive
							(22  ml)			Moderate			(DOD 107)
	US					(23 ml)			wooderate	le		(POD 107)	

Supplementary Table 1. Patient demographic

THV, transcatheter heart valve; OS, oversizing; LVOT, left ventricular outflow tract; AR, aortic regurgitation; RBC, red blood cell; LDH, lactate dehydrogenase; HFH, hospitalization for heart failure; POD, postoperative day; BAV, balloon aortic valvuloplasty; PVE, prosthetic valve endocarditis. \*As of November 6, 2024.